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The Traditional Indian Marathi (Maharashtriyen) Marriage is performed on vedic system which is elaborated in vedas. Originally in puranas and vedas there are 16 smaskars of which viavah samskar is 16th and very important. For this samskara is the most essential to keep growing the mankind

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The other types are

- ✓ Daiva,
- ✓ Prajapatya
- ✓ Asur,
- ✓ Arsh,
- ✓ Gandharva
- ✓ Rakshasa,
- ✓ Paishachya.

To begin the Horoscopes and *Gotra* and *pravaras* of the either side will be

matched. Accordingly the auspicious time(muhurta) is fixed which is complimentary for both the parties (Bride and Bridegroom)

Out of the Total rituals of the vidhi of the vivah the essentials are

✓ Taking oath by the parents of Bride and Bridegroom. that the bide is proposed to be given to the groom and the other side has to accept the proposal in the presence of God and in public.

✓ Ganesh Puja , kanyapuja , seemanta puja the Groom will be invited to visit the home of the Bride. and offered the seat and the padya puja will be performed by the bride’s parents. As the groom is the amsha of lord Vishnu, Bride also will be invited and offered traditional clothing and precious jewelry by the groom’s parents as she is amsha of lakshmi devi.

✓ Gourihaar Puja - This is performed to please Lord Shiva and Parvati by the Bride to give a long life to the Groom.

✓ Antarpot in Maharastriyan marriage the Antarpot (A silk or woolen cloth)